UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

MATTHEW MCDERMOTT,

Plaintiff,

- against -

DECLARATION OF RICHARD LIEBOWITZ

Docket No. 18-cv-10853 (AJN)

NYFIRESTORM.COM, INC.

Defendant.

- I, RICHARD LIEBOWITZ, hereby swear under the penalty of perjury that the following is true and correct to the best of my personal knowledge:
- 1. I am lead counsel for plaintiff Matthew McDermott ("Plaintiff") and am duly admitted to practice law in this District and in the State of New York.
- 2. I submit this declaration in support of Plaintiff's application for entry of default judgment against NYFireStorm.com, Inc. ("Defendant") pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. 55(b) and Local Rule 55.2(b).
- 3. Plaintiff's claim for copyright infringement under 17 U.S.C. § 501 is based on Defendant's unlawful expropriation of Plaintiff's registered photograph of a New York City FDNY firefighter kneeling during the 9/11 recovery operations in Lower Manhattan (the "Photograph") for unauthorized use on merchandise.
- 4 Plaintiff's claim for unlawful removal of copyright management information under 17 U.S.C. § 1202(b) is based on Defendant's knowing removal of Plaintiff's attribution from the Photograph.

(i) The Basis for Entering a Default Judgment, Including a Description of the Method and Date of Service of the Summons and Complaint

- 5. The basis for entry of default is Defendant's failure to answer or otherwise appear to defend this action.
- 6. On December 7, 2018, a copy of the summons and complaint was served on Defendant via the Office of the Secretary of State of New York. [Certificate of Service, Dkt. #10] The deadline to file an answer or responsive pleading was December 28, 2018.
- 7. On April 30, 2019, upon Plaintiff's request, the Clerk of Court issued a Certificate of Default. [Dkt. # 16]
- 8. After the default was issued by the Clerk, I investigated whether defendant is a member of the military by visiting the Department of Defense's Service Members Civil Relief Act website. Dfendant is an LLC, not an individual and therefore not a servicemember.

(ii) The Procedural History Beyond Service of the Summons and Complaint, if Any

9. Except for the adjournment of a Rule 16 conference, there is no procedural history beyond service of the summons and complaint.

(iii) Whether the Court may appropriately order a default judgment on the issue of damages prior to resolution of the entire action

10. There is only one defendant in this action; thus, the Court may appropriately order a default judgment against Defendant on the issue of damages.

(iv) The proposed damages and the bases for each element of damages, including attorneys' fees and costs

- 11. For violation of 17 U.S.C. § 501, Plaintiff seeks \$20,000 in actual damages and/or infringer's profits for copyright infringement.
- 12. For violation of 17 U.S.C. § 1202(b), Plaintiff seeks \$10,000 in statutory damages.

13. Plaintiff also seeks \$4037.50 in attorney's fees and \$630.00 in costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505.

Actual Damages for Count I: Copyright Infringement

- 14. **Plaintiff's Lost Licensing Fees.** An actual damages award "looks at the facts from the point of view of the [] copyright owners; it undertakes to compensate the owner for any harm he suffered by reason of the infringer's illegal act." *On Davis v. The Gap, Inc.*, 246 F.3d 152, 159 (2d Cir. 2001), *as amended* (May 15, 2001). The Court may calculate actual damages by measuring the fair market value of the licensing "fee the owner was entitled to charge for [the infringer's] use" of his copyrighted work. *Id.* at 165; accord Jarvis v. K2 Inc., 486 F.3d 526, 533 (9th Cir.2007) (holding that "in situations where the infringer could have bargained with the copyright owner to purchase the right to use the work, actual damages are what a willing buyer would have been reasonably required to pay to a willing seller for plaintiffs' work.") Here, the fair market value of the Photograph is what Plaintiff would have been reasonably entitled to charge had Defendant contacted her to obtain permission. Plaintiff estimates that he would have been entitled to charge up to \$5000.00 for use of the Photograph in the manner used by Defendant, which was to sell and distribute tangible merchandise.
- 15. **Defendant's Ill-Gotten Gains.** Because Defendant has defaulted, it is unknown what profits Defendant generated from exploitation of the Photograph. Accordingly, all inferences should be drawn against it. The Second Circuit has ruled that an award of actual damages in a copyright infringement case "should be broadly construed to favor victims victims of infringement." *On Davis*, 246 F.3d at 164 (citing, *inter alia*, William F. Patry, *Copyright Law and Practice* 1167 [1994] ("Within reason, any ambiguities should be resolved in favor of the copyright owner.")). Thus, when a court is confronted with imprecision

in the calculation of damages, it "should err on the side of guaranteeing the plaintiff a full recovery." *Sygma Photo News, Inc. v. High Society Magazine,* 778 F.2d 89, 95 (2d Cir.1985) (citations omitted); *see also Fitzgerald Publ'g Co. v. Baylor Pub. Co., Inc,* 807 F.2d 1110, 1118 (2d Cir. 1986) ("[A]ctual damages are not ... narrowly focused."); *cf. In Design v. K–Mart Apparel Corp.,* 13 F.3d 559, 564 (2d Cir.1994) (noting that any doubts in calculating profits which result from the infringer's failure to present adequate proof of its costs are to be resolved in favor of the copyright holder), *abrogated on other grounds by Fogerty v. Fantasy, Inc.,* 510 U.S. 517, 114 S.Ct. 1023, 127 L.Ed.2d 455 (1994).

- 16. Defendant has failed to appear to defend this action and therefore its profits derived from the sale and distribution of merchandise bearing the Photograph are unknown.
- 17. Under the circumstances describe above, a \$20,000 award is justified for Count I under 17 U.S.C. 504(b).

Statutory Damages for Count II: Removal of Copyright Management Information

- 18. The Digital Millennium Copyright Act ("DMCA") provides that courts may award between \$2,500 and \$25,000 in statutory damages for violation of section 1202(b). *See* 17 U.S.C. § 1203(c)(3)(B).
- 19. Courts in this District have recently awarded \$10,000 in statutory damages for a defaulting defendant's violation of \$ 1202(b) of the DMCA. *See, e.g., Hirsch v. The Dishh, LLC*, 18-cv-9079 (LGS) (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 10, 2018) ("Defendant shall pay \$10,000.00 in statutory damages as civil penalties for removal and/or alteration of copyright management information in violation of 17 U.S.C. \$ 1202(b)"); *Myeress v. Brissi Group, LLC*, 17-cv-9691 (KPF) (S.D.N.Y. June 25, 2018) (awarding "\$10,000 in civil penalties for improper removal of copyright

management information" in violation of 17 U.S.C. § 1202(b)) [True and correct copies of the *Hirsch* and *Myeress* orders are attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>].

Attorneys' Fees and Costs

- 20. Plaintiff seeks \$4037.50 in attorneys' fees and \$630.00 in costs under 17 U.S.C. § 1203(b)(5).
- 21. I am a founding member and managing partner at Liebowitz Law Firm, PLLC, a boutique law firm which specializes in copyright enforcement of photographs and videos. I graduated from the Maurice A. Deane School of Law at Hofstra University in 2015 and have personally filed over 800 copyright infringement lawsuits in S.D.N.Y. and E.D.N.Y. since January 2016. I have thereby developed an expertise in the field. My rate is \$425/hr.
- found as reasonable" for partners. *See*, *e.g.*, *Regulatory Fundamentals Grp. LLC v. Governance Risk Mgmt. Compliance*, *LLC*, No. 13 Civ. 2493 (KBF), 2014 WL 4792082, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 24, 2014) ("In recent years, New York district courts have approved rates for experienced law firm partners in the range of \$500 to \$800 per hour."); *Mahan v. Roc Nation*, *LLC*, No. 14 Civ. 5075 (LGS), 2016 WL 4718018, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 9, 2016) (approving partners' hourly rates of \$565 to \$855); *Broadcast Music*, *Inc. v. Pamdh Enters.*, *Inc.*, No. 14-cv-2255 (KMW), 2014 WL 2781846, at *7 (S.D.N.Y. June 19, 2014) (collecting cases approving partners' hourly rates of \$400 to \$735); *Pyatt v. Raymond*, No. 10 Civ. 8764 (CM), 2012 WL 1668248, at *6 (S.D.N.Y. May 10, 2012) (collecting cases approving hourly rates of \$400 to \$650 for partners in copyright and trademark cases); *GAKM Res. LLC v. Jaylyn Sales Inc.*, No. 08 Civ. 6030 (GEL), 2009 WL 2150891, at *8 (S.D.N.Y. July 20, 2009) (approving hourly rates of \$650 and \$600 for partners specializing in intellectual property litigation); Diplomatic Man, 2009 WL 935674, at

**5-6 (approving partners' hourly rate of \$650); *BMS Entm't/Heat Music LLC v. Bridges*, No. 04 Civ. 2484 (PKC), 2007 WL 1989292, at *2, 4 (S.D.N.Y. July 6, 2007) (approving hourly rates greater than \$500 for experienced copyright litigators).

Statement of Fees

Date	Description of Services	Time	Total
11/19/18	• Review case file in preparation for filing; conduct due diligence re: copyright registration, licensing history and defendant's infringing merchandise	2.5	\$1062.50
	Draft and file complaint	1.5	\$637.50
12/6/18	• Process service of summons and complaint	0.5	\$212.50
4/30/19	• Draft request for entry of default	0.5	\$212.50
5/1/19	• Draft motion for default judgment, including attorney declaration	4.5	\$1912.50
Total		9.5	\$4037.50

Costs

Date	Description	Total
11/19/18	Court filing fee	\$400.00
11/27/18	Service fee	\$75.00
12/6/18	Service fee	\$40.00
12/7/18	Service Fee	\$115.00
TOTAL	-	\$630.00

- 23. No part of the Judgment sought has been paid, other than as indicated in the present motion.
- 24. Attached hereto as <u>Exhibit B</u> is a true and correct copy of the initiating complaint plus exhibits.
- 25. Attached hereto as <u>Exhibit C</u> is a copy of the affidavit of service of the summons and complaint.

26. Attached hereto as Exhibit D is the Certificate of Default from the Clerk of Court.

Dated: May 1, 2019

Valley Stream, New York

Respectfully Submitted:

/richardliebowitz/

By: Richard Liebowitz LIEBOWITZ LAW FIRM, PLLC 11 Sunrise Plaza, Ste. 305 Valley Stream, NY 11580 (516) 233-1660 rl@liebowitzlawfirm.com

Counsel for Plaintiff Matthew McDermott